

Bold • Innovative • Practical

NEWS RELEASE

EMBARGOED UNTIL RELEASE AT 9:00 A.M. ET, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 01, 2021.

CFS DIVISIA MONETARY DATA FOR THE UNITED STATES: SEPTEMBER 2021

On February 23, 2021, the Federal Reserve Board enacted major changes to their H.6 Statistical Release which have impacted how the CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates are calculated as well as our upcoming release schedule. See page 2 for more details.

The CFS Featured Broad Divisia Monetary Aggregates in September 2021

- CFS Divisia M4, including Treasuries (DM4) the broadest and most important measure of money calculated by the Center for Financial Stability grew by 3.8% in September 2021, on a year-over-year basis. In contrast, CFS Divisia M4 increased by 29.0% in September 2020 over the preceding year.
- The narrower version of the CFS Divisia M4, excluding Treasuries, (DM4-), increased by 9.7% in September 2021 over the year, relative to a year-over-year gain of 19.7% in September 2020.
- CFS Divisia M3 (DM3) advanced by 9.6% year-over-year, relative to an increase of 20.6% in September 2020.

The Narrow Divisia Monetary Aggregates in September 2021²

- CFS Divisia M2 (DM2) advanced by 13.6% year-over-year, relative to an increase of 24.6% in September 2020 over the preceding year.
- CFS Divisia M1 (DM1) advanced by 16.5% year-over-year, relative to an increase of 39.0% in September 2020 over the preceding year. Note that the composition of M1 changed in May 2020. See more below.

Most Significant Factors Influencing CFS Divisia M4 in September 2021

Positive Contributors to CFS Divisia M4 Growth

- The largest positive contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was demand deposits, contributing an increase of 7.3% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 12.4%. Unweighted, they increased 89.1% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates.
- The second largest positive contributor to growth was other liquid deposits, contributing an increase of 1.2% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 40.9%. Unweighted, they increased 3.2% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates.
- The third largest positive contributor to growth was currency, contributing an increase of 0.6% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Its growth-rate weight was 6.9%. Unweighted, it increased 8.9% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates.

© Center for Financial Stability 2021. All rights reserved.

¹ The CFS Divisia indexes in this release were constructed under the direction of Professor William A. Barnett. Dr. Barnett is the originator of the Divisia monetary aggregates, which he has been developing and refining for decades, in accordance with modern advances in economic aggregation and index-number theory.

² The narrow aggregates are similar to the Monetary Services Index supplied by the St. Louis Federal Reserve until 2013. See page 13 for the relationship between the CFS narrow aggregates and MSI. No other source currently exists for broad Divisia monetary aggregates, DM3, DM4-, and DM4 which are available only from the CFS.



Bold • Innovative • Practical

Negative Contributors to CFS Divisia M4 Growth

- The largest negative contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was T-bills, contributing a decrease of 4.2% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 14.5%. Unweighted, they decreased 25.8% in the last 12 months. This component is included only in the broadest aggregate (DM4).
- The second largest negative contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was small-denomination time deposits, contributing a decrease of 0.8% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 0.6%. Unweighted, they decreased 68.6% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates, except the narrowest (DM1).
- The third largest negative contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was large time deposits, contributing a decrease of 0.5% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 4.4%. Unweighted, they decreased 10.9% in the last 12 months. This component is included in DM3, DM4-, and DM4, but not in the narrower aggregates (DM1 and DM2).

Changes in the January 2021 Release

On February 23, 2021, the Federal Reserve Board enacted sweeping changes to the H.6 Statistical Release which are key in constructing all aggregates from the narrow M1 to the broadest M4 grouping. Most significantly for our calculations, the Federal Reserve combined Savings Deposits and interest bearing Other Checkable Deposits into a single "Other Liquid Deposits" category. They further discontinued the distinction in all levels of deposits between commercial bank and thrift accounts. This change affects the Small Denomination Time Deposits (retail level Certificates of Deposit). It was also announced that the levels of Institutional Money Market Funds will be discontinued this year.

The H.6 Survey is no longer publishing weekly seasonally adjusted data. While it will continue to provide weekly non-seasonally adjusted data, the seasonal adjustment of any levels is not completed until the monthly release.

In response to the changes, the CFS adjusted its construction of the Divisia Monetary Aggregates to provide for continued, accurate measure of the supply of monetary service in the US economy. The following series are now ended at April 2020, in line with the H.6 Survey: Savings Deposits at Commercials, Savings Deposits at Thrifts, Other Checkable Deposits at Commercial Banks, Other Checkable Deposits at Thrifts, Small Denomination Time Deposits at Thrifts. The first four of these series are now combined into "Other Checkable Deposits" and paired with a user cost based on the interest rate on savings deposits provided by the FDIC. Small Denomination Time Deposits are now combined into one series and paired with the commercial bank interest rate on 3-month Certificates of Deposit. In line with the Federal Reserve's data changes, the Divisia Monetary Aggregate data is adjusted back to May 2020 to account for these large survey changes.

To account for the change in the weekly to monthly release of the seasonally adjusted components of the H.6 Survey a new calendar of release dates is now provided in order to accurately gather all necessary data, construct the Divisia aggregate, and release it in a timely and consistent manner. These changes required extensive revision to the construction and scheduling of the Divisia monetary aggregates, and barring any future shocks to the Federal Reserve's methods of providing data, we look forward to releasing the Divisia aggregates in their new form.



Bold • Innovative • Practical

Contents	Page
Figure 1 - Recent Growth in Broad CFS Divisia Monetary Data	4
Figure 2 - Recent Growth in Narrow CFS Divisia Monetary Data	4
Figure 3 - CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates Table, Year-Over-Year Percent Change	5
Figure 4 - CFS Divisia Data Table (DM4, DM4-, and DM3)	6
Figure 5 - CFS Divisia Data Table (DM2 and DM1)	7
Figure 6 - Components of CFS Divisia M4 - Highlights for September 2021	8
Figure 8 - CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates Level Charts	10
Figure 9 - Narrow CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates Level Charts	11
Figure 10 - Components of All CFS Divisia Aggregates Growth-Rate Weights	12
Figure 11 - Components of CFS Divisia M4 - Highlights for September 2021	13
Figure 12 - CFS Divisia M4 Quarterly Growth Triangle	14
Introduction to CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates	15
CFS Divisia Resources on the Center for Financial Stability Site	16
About the Center for Financial Stability	16
CFS Divisia Contacts	16

Download Data

To download the data in Microsoft Excel format, or to see our revised release schedule, go to http://www.centerforfinancialstability.org/amfm data.php.

To Sign Up For Future Releases And Email Updates From The CFS

Go to http://centerforfinancialstability.org/updates.php.

The revised Federal Reserve's H.6 release schedule necessitates that we revise our upcoming release schedule. The next CFS Divisia M4 data are scheduled to be released at 9:00 AM ET on Monday, November 29, 2021.

Bold • Innovative • Practical

Figure 1 - Recent Growth in Broad CFS Divisia Monetary Data 3

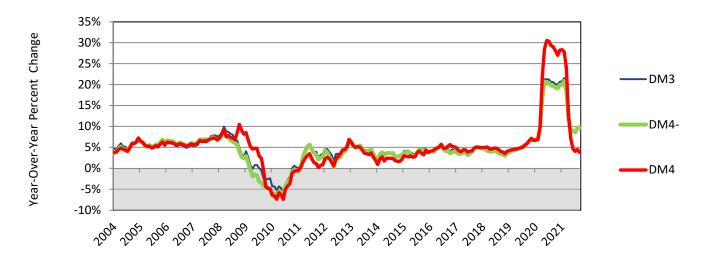
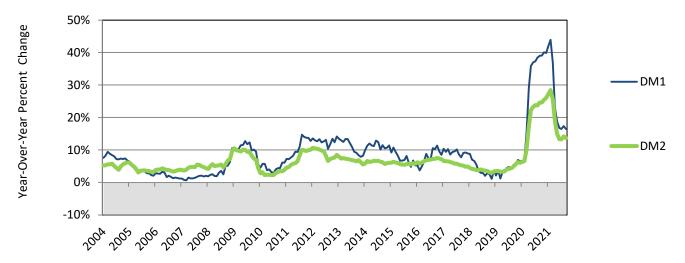


Figure 2 - Recent Growth in Narrow CFS Divisia Monetary Data 4



³ The broadest CFS Divisia monetary aggregates are **best** for most purposes. See p. 13 for background on the supporting research. We nevertheless provide the narrower CFS Divisia aggregates in Figure 2 for comparison.

⁴ The narrow aggregates shown here, DM1 and DM2, are similar to the MSI (monetary services index) Divisia aggregates, supplied by the St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank. For more information about the St. Louis Fed's MSI Divisia aggregates and their relationship to the CFS Divisia monetary aggregates, see p. 13.



Bold • Innovative • Practical

Figure 3 - CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates Table, Year-Over-Year Percent Change

	, 66 6	Divisia M4			
	Divisia M4 Including	Excluding Treasuries		Divisia M2 (Sweeps	Divisia M1 (Sweeps
Date	Treasuries (DM4)	(DM4-)	Divisia M3	Adjusted) ⁵	Adjusted) ⁵
Dec-18	4.1%	3.6%	3.6%	3.4%	3.7%
Jan-19	4.2%	3.9%	3.9%	3.5%	2.1%
Feb-19	4.5%	4.2%	4.2%	3.5%	3.7%
Mar-19	4.5%	4.3%	4.4%	3.3%	1.2%
Apr-19	4.6%	4.4%	4.5%	3.3%	3.2%
May-19	4.7%	4.6%	4.7%	3.6%	3.1%
Jun-19	4.8%	4.9%	4.9%	4.0%	4.5%
Jul-19	5.0%	5.2%	5.2%	4.2%	4.7%
Aug-19	5.4%	5.6%	5.6%	4.4%	4.3%
Sep-19	5.9%	5.9%	5.9%	4.8%	5.4%
Oct-19	6.5%	6.4%	6.4%	5.6%	5.5%
Nov-19	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	6.3%	6.9%
Dec-19	6.7%	6.8%	6.8%	6.0%	6.5%
Jan-20	6.7%	6.8%	6.8%	6.3%	6.6%
Feb-20	6.9%	6.8%	6.8%	6.5%	6.6%
Mar-20	9.8%	10.0%	10.2%	10.1%	15.3%
Apr-20	22.1%	16.9%	17.1%	17.2%	29.0%
May-20	28.4%	20.7%	21.2%	22.2%	35.8%
Jun-20	30.5%	20.6%	21.3%	23.3%	37.0%
Jul-20	30.4%	20.4%	21.2%	23.8%	37.3%
Aug-20	29.3%	19.8%	20.6%	23.7%	38.5%
Sep-20	29.0%	19.7%	20.6%	24.6%	39.0%
Oct-20	28.1%	19.2%	20.1%	24.6%	39.1%
Nov-20	27.0%	19.1%	20.0%	25.4%	40.1%
Dec-20	28.2%	20.0%	20.7%	26.1%	39.8%
Jan-21	28.3%	19.9%	20.7%	27.1%	42.0%
Feb-21	27.8%	20.9%	21.6%	28.4%	43.9%
Mar-21	24.0%	18.3%	18.8%	25.6%	36.9%
Apr-21	12.2%	12.1%	12.3%	19.1%	23.1%
May-21	7.0%	9.4%	9.2%	14.9%	18.7%
Jun-21	4.6%	8.8%	8.9%	13.3%	16.8%
Jul-21	4.0%	8.6%	8.4%	13.2%	16.5%
Aug-21	4.5%	9.6%	9.4%	14.2%	17.3%
Sep-21	3.8%	9.7%	9.6%	13.6%	16.5%

Note: Cells are shaded on a gradient from dark green (maximum) to dark red (minimum).

⁵ While the broadest Divisia monetary aggregates are best for most purposes, we provide the narrower CFS Divisia aggregates for comparison. The narrow aggregates shown here, DM1 and DM2, are similar to the MSI (monetary services index) Divisia aggregates, supplied by the St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank. For more information about the St. Louis Fed's MSI Divisia aggregates and their relationship to the CFS Divisia monetary aggregates, see p. 13.



Bold • Innovative • Practical

Figure 4 - CFS Divisia Data Table (DM4, DM4-, and DM3)

Levels are normalized to equal 100 in Jan. 1967

	Divisia M4 Inclu (DN			Divisi	a M3			
		Yr-Over-Yr %			Yr-Over-Yr %			Yr-Over-Yr %
Date	Level	Growth Rate		Level	Growth Rate		Level	Growth Rate
Dec-18	1,572	4.1%	-	1,469	3.6%	ı	1,468	3.6%
Jan-19	1,578	4.2%		1,475	3.9%	ĺ	1,474	3.9%
Feb-19	1,584	4.5%		1,481	4.2%		1,480	4.2%
Mar-19	1,591	4.5%		1,487	4.3%		1,486	4.4%
Apr-19	1,596	4.6%		1,492	4.4%		1,492	4.5%
May-19	1,605	4.7%		1,501	4.6%		1,500	4.7%
Jun-19	1,614	4.8%		1,510	4.9%		1,509	4.9%
Jul-19	1,621	5.0%		1,519	5.2%		1,518	5.2%
Aug-19	1,633	5.4%		1,527	5.6%		1,526	5.6%
Sep-19	1,644	5.9%		1,537	5.9%		1,536	5.9%
Oct-19	1,659	6.5%		1,549	6.4%		1,548	6.4%
Nov-19	1,669	7.1%		1,561	7.1%		1,559	7.1%
Dec-19	1,676	6.7%		1,569	6.8%		1,568	6.8%
Jan-20	1,684	6.7%		1,576	6.8%		1,574	6.8%
Feb-20	1,693	6.9%		1,582	6.8%		1,581	6.8%
Mar-20	1,747	9.8%		1,636	10.0%		1,637	10.2%
Apr-20	1,949	22.1%		1,744	16.9%		1,747	17.1%
May-20	2,062	28.4%		1,812	20.7%		1,819	21.2%
Jun-20	2,107	30.5%		1,821	20.6%		1,830	21.3%
Jul-20	2,113	30.4%		1,829	20.4%		1,840	21.2%
Aug-20	2,112	29.3%		1,829	19.8%		1,841	20.6%
Sep-20	2,121	29.0%		1,840	19.7%		1,852	20.6%
Oct-20	2,124	28.1%		1,847	19.2%		1,859	20.1%
Nov-20	2,120	27.0%		1,858	19.1%		1,872	20.0%
Dec-20	2,149	28.2%		1,882	20.0%		1,892	20.7%
Jan-21	2,161	28.3%		1,889	19.9%		1,901	20.7%
Feb-21	2,163	27.8%		1,912	20.9%		1,922	21.6%
Mar-21	2,166	24.0%		1,936	18.3%		1,944	18.8%
Apr-21	2,187	12.2%		1,956	12.1%		1,961	12.3%
May-21	2,207	7.0%		1,983	9.4%		1,987	9.2%
Jun-21	2,204	4.6%		1,982	8.8%		1,992	8.9%
Jul-21	2,199	4.0%		1,986	8.6%		1,994	8.4%
Aug-21	2,207	4.5%		2,005	9.6%		2,013	9.4%
Sep-21	2,202	3.8%		2,019	9.7%		2,029	9.6%



Bold • Innovative • Practical

Figure 5 - CFS Divisia Data Table (DM2 and DM1)

Levels are normalized to equal 100 in Jan. 1967

	Divisia M2 (Sw	eeps Adjusted)	Divisia M1 (Sw	eeps Adjusted)
Doto	Lavial	Yr-Over-Yr %	Lavial	Yr-Over-Yr %
Date	Level	Growth Rate	Level	Growth Rate
Dec-18	1,659	3.4%	2,556	3.7%
Jan-19 Feb-19	1,664	3.5%	2,557	2.1%
Mar-19	1,668	3.5%	2,564	3.7%
Apr-19	1,671 1,675	3.3% 3.3%	2,531 2,549	1.2% 3.2%
May-19		3.6%		3.1%
Jun-19	1,686 1,699	4.0%	2,549 2,579	4.5%
Jul-19	1,706	4.2%	2,579	4.7%
Aug-19	1,700	4.2%	2,598	4.7%
Sep-19	1,714	4.8%	2,538	5.4%
Oct-19	1,723	5.6%	2,658	5.5%
Nov-19	1,737	6.3%	2,680	6.9%
Dec-19	1,759	6.0%	2,723	6.5%
Jan-20	1,769	6.3%	2,727	6.6%
Feb-20	1,776	6.5%	2,727	6.6%
Mar-20	1,840	10.1%	2,918	15.3%
Apr-20	1,962	17.2%	3,288	29.0%
May-20	2,060	22.2%	3,463	35.8%
Jun-20	2,094	23.3%	3,532	37.0%
Jul-20	2,112	23.8%	3,573	37.3%
Aug-20	2,120	23.7%	3,597	38.5%
Sep-20	2,148	24.6%	3,656	39.0%
Oct-20	2,165	24.6%	3,697	39.1%
Nov-20	2,192	25.4%	3,753	40.1%
Dec-20	2,217	26.1%	3,808	39.8%
Jan-21	2,249	27.1%	3,871	42.0%
Feb-21	2,282	28.4%	3,935	43.9%
Mar-21	2,311	25.6%	3,995	36.9%
Apr-21		19.1%	4,047	23.1%
May-21	2,368	14.9%	4,110	18.7%
Jun-21	2,373	13.3%	4,124	16.8%
Jul-21	2,391	13.2%	4,161	16.5%
Aug-21	2,422	14.2%	4,221	17.3%
Sep-21	2,440	13.6%	4,259	16.5%

Bold • Innovative • Practical

Figure 6 - Components of CFS Divisia M4 - Highlights for September 2021

Components in this ta	ble build from the narrowest aggregate at the top to	Weighted		Unweighted Year-
the broadest at the bo	ottom. For example, the darkest green in the left	Contribution To DM4	Divisia Growth-Rate	Over-Year
column includes comp	oonents of DM1. The next tier shows the	Money Annual	Weights (Average of	Percentage Growth
components included	in DM2, but not within DM1.	Growth Rate*	Last 12 Months)	Rate
	Currency	0.6%	6.9%	8.9%
DM1	Demand Deposits	7.3%	12.4%	89.1%
	Other Liquid Deposits	1.2%	40.9%	3.2%
Added into DM2	Retail Money-Market Funds	-0.3%	3.1%	-7.7%
Added IIIto DIVIZ	Small-Denomination Time Deposits	-0.8%	0.6%	-68.6%
	Institutional Money-Market Funds	0.3%	8.7%	3.6%
Added into DM3	Large Time Deposits	-0.5%	4.4%	-10.9%
	Repurchase Agreements	-0.5%	5.4%	-8.1%
Added into DM4-	Commercial Paper	0.4%	3.1%	14.8%
Added into DM4	T-Bills	-4.2%	14.5%	-25.8%

Note: The row labels in the first column are shaded to show which components are included into which aggregates. Each data column is shaded on a gradient from dark green (maximum) to dark red (minimum). Traveler's Checks were included until their recent discontinuation by the Federal Reserve in January 2019.

Components That Are Pulling CFS Divisia M4 Up

The largest positive contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was demand deposits, contributing an increase of 7.3% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 12.4%. Unweighted, they increased 89.1% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates.

The second largest positive contributor to growth was other liquid deposits, contributing an increase of 1.2% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 40.9%. Unweighted, they increased 3.2% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates.

The third largest positive contributor to growth was currency, contributing an increase of 0.6% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Its growth-rate weight was 6.9%. Unweighted, it increased 8.9% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates.

Components That Are Pulling CFS Divisia M4 Down

The largest negative contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was T-bills, contributing a decrease of 4.2% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 14.5%. Unweighted, they decreased 25.8% in the last 12 months. This component is included only in the broadest aggregate (DM4).

The second largest negative contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was small-denomination time deposits, contributing a decrease of 0.8% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 0.6%. Unweighted, they decreased 68.6% in the last 12 months. This component is included in all of the aggregates, except the narrowest (DM1).

The third largest negative contributor to CFS Divisia M4 growth was large time deposits, contributing a decrease of 0.5% in the last 12 months ending September 2021. Their growth-rate weight was 4.4%. Unweighted, they decreased 10.9% in the last 12 months. This component is included in DM3, DM4-, and DM4, but not in the narrower aggregates (DM1 and DM2).

^{*} Average of last 12 monthly weighted contributions to CFS Divisia M4 growth rates (annual rates). Unlike the other percent calculations in this report, the weighted contributions use continuous percent changes computed from natural logs.

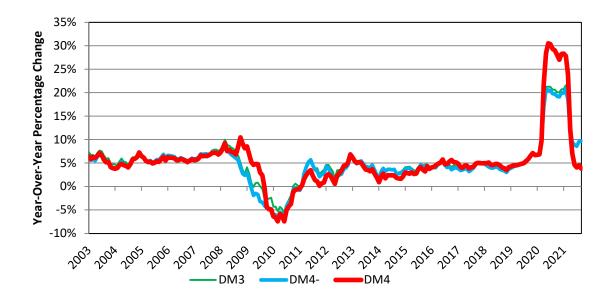


Bold • Innovative • Practical

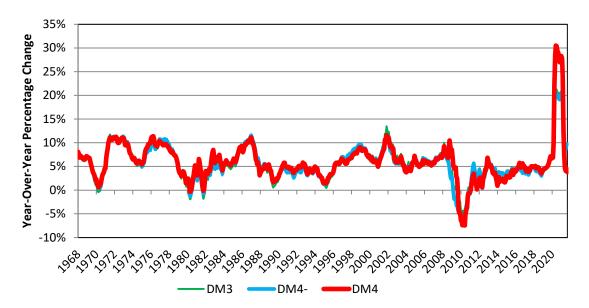
Figure 7 - CFS Divisia Monetary Growth Charts

DM3, DM4-, and DM4 Year-Over-Year Percent Change, Two Date Horizons

2003 to Present



1968 to Present



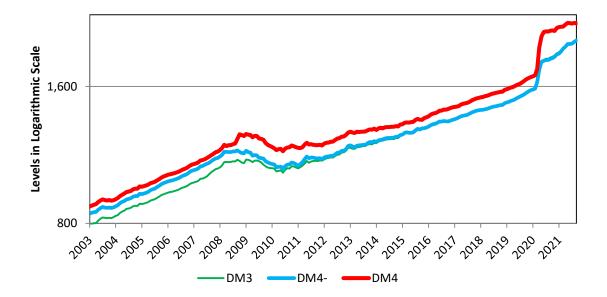


Bold • Innovative • Practical

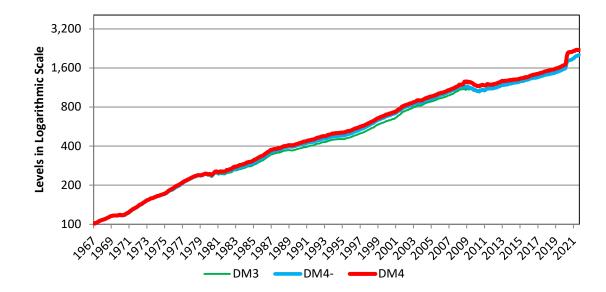
Figure 8 - CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates Level Charts

DM3, DM4-, and DM4 Levels, Normalized to Equal 100 in Jan. 1967, Logarithmic Scales

2003 to Present



1967 to Present



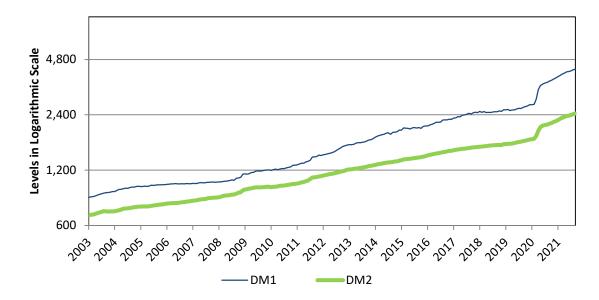


Bold • Innovative • Practical

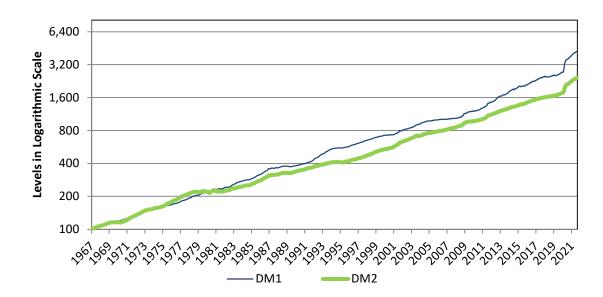
Figure 9 - Narrow CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates Level Charts

DM1 and DM2 Levels, Normalized to Equal 100 in Jan. 1967, Logarithmic Scales

2003 to Present



1967 to Present





Bold • Innovative • Practical

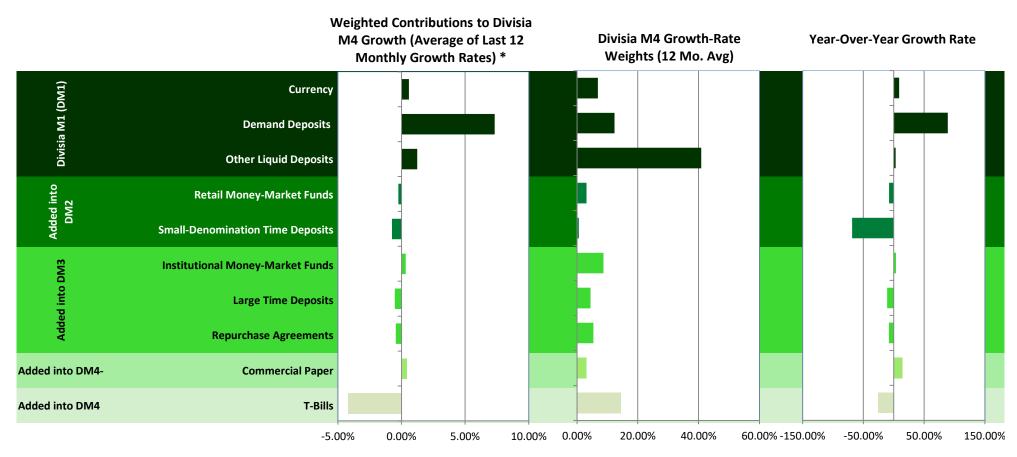
Figure 10 - Components of All CFS Divisia Aggregates Growth-Rate Weights Used in Latest Month (September 2021)

	Divisia							
	M1	M2M	MZM	M2	ALL	M3	M4-	M4
Currency	11.2%	10.7%	9.4%	10.6%	9.3%	8.3%	8.0%	7.0%
Demand Deposits	24.0%	22.9%	20.1%	22.8%	20.0%	17.8%	17.1%	15.0%
Other Liquid Deposits	64.8%	61.7%	54.3%	61.4%	54.0%	47.9%	46.2%	40.4%
Retail Money-Market Funds		4.8%	4.2%	4.7%	4.2%	3.7%	3.6%	3.1%
Small-Denomination Time Deposits				0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%
Institutional Money-Market Funds			12.0%		12.0%	10.6%	10.2%	9.0%
Large Time Deposits						5.1%	4.9%	4.3%
Repurchase Agreements						6.2%	5.9%	5.2%
Commercial Paper							3.7%	3.3%
T-Bills								12.4%
Sum of Weights	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%



Figure 11 - Components of CFS Divisia M4 - Highlights for September 2021

Note: Each component's influence on DM4 growth (left chart column) reflects the component's unweighted growth (right chart column) and its growth-rate weight (middle chart column). The background and the bar colors are shaded to show which components are included in which aggregates. The lighter the green, the broader the aggregate.



^{*} Average of last 12 monthly weighted contributions to CFS Divisia M4 growth rates (annual rates). Unlike the other percent calculations in this report, the weighted contributions use continuous percent changes computed from natural logs e.g. (ln(x)-ln(x-1)).

Bold • Innovative • Practical

Figure 12 - CFS Divisia M4 Quarterly Growth Triangle

Recent Quarterly History (Compound Annual Rates of Change)

This triangular report design was originated by Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis to show seasonally adjusted annualized growth rates for a variety of time periods.

									Initial F	Period										
Terminal Period	Q4 2016	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	Q3 2017	Q4 2017	Q1 2018	Q2 2018	Q3 2018	Q4 2018	Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	
Q1 2017	3.4																			1,445.28
Q2 2017	4.5	5.5																		1,464.74
Q3 2017	4.6	5.2	5.0																	1,482.67
Q4 2017	5.0	5.5	5.5	6.1																1,504.62
Q1 2018	4.7	5.0	4.9	4.8	3.5															1,517.75
Q2 2018	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.6	3.8	4.1														1,533.09
Q3 2018	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.5	3.9	4.1	4.2													1,548.79
Q4 2018	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.3	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.5												1,562.20
Q1 2019	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.6	5.8											1,584.37
Q2 2019	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.9	5.6	5.4										1,605.37
Q3 2019	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.4	6.1	6.2	7.0									1,632.85
Q4 2019	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.8	7.1	8.0	8.9								1,668.15
Q1 2020	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.4	6.7	7.4	7.8	8.6	9.4	9.9							1,708.06
Q2 2020	10.6	11.2	11.7	12.3	12.9	14.0	15.3	17.0	19.4	22.4	27.0	34.5	49.4	103.2						2,039.26
Q3 2020	10.9	11.5	12.0	12.6	13.2	14.2	15.4	16.9	18.9	21.3	24.7	29.6	37.3	53.4	15.8					2,115.54
Q4 2020	10.4	10.9	11.3	11.8	12.3	13.1	14.1	15.2	16.8	18.5	20.8	23.7	27.8	34.3	9.2	3.0				2,131.12
Q1 2021	10.2	10.6	11.0	11.4	11.8	12.5	13.3	14.3	15.6	16.9	18.6	20.6	23.1	26.7	8.2	4.6	6.2			2,163.50
Q2 2021	10.0	10.4	10.7	11.1	11.5	12.1	12.8	13.6	14.7	15.7	17.0	18.5	20.2	22.4	7.8	5.3	6.5	6.8		2,199.22
Q3 2021	9.5	9.8	10.1	10.4	10.7	11.2	11.8	12.5	13.3	14.1	15.1	16.1	17.2	18.5	6.4	4.1	4.5	3.7	0.6	2,202.69

How to Read this Table:

To find a growth rate for a particular date range, find the column that contains the start quarter; then find the row that contains the end quarter of the date range. The cell where they intersect represents the annualized growth rate for that time period. For example, the last row contains the growth rates ending in the most recent quarter for each starting quarter going back 4 3/4 years. The outer diagonal shows the growth rates that are the quarter-over-quarter rates for the last few years. Red and green shades highlight the largest negative and positive growth rates.

Quarterly Data Highlights:

In the last quarter, CFS Divisia M4 grew by 0.6% (seasonally adjusted annual rate).

In the last year, CFS Divisia M4 grew by 4.1% (seasonally adjusted annual rate).

In the last 2 years, CFS Divisia M4 grew by 16.1% (seasonally adjusted annual rate).

In the last 3 years, CFS Divisia M4 grew by 12.5% (seasonally adjusted annual rate).

In the last 4 years, CFS Divisia M4 grew by 10.4% (seasonally adjusted annual rate).



Bold • Innovative • Practical

Introduction to CFS Divisia Monetary Aggregates

Conventional money-supply measures are not adjusted to account for differences in the degree to which various assets actually serve as money, and hence implicitly assume that all assets in the aggregates contribute equally to the economy's monetary services. This assumption has not been reasonable since monetary assets began yielding interest over a half century ago. Divisia measures, using a mathematical formula derived by the famous 20th-century French economist, Francois Divisia, are a weighted aggregate, providing a more accurate picture of what is really happening to the economy's monetary service flow. The growth-rate weights for each component asset are based on their expenditure shares, with expenditures within the shares evaluated with user-cost pricing. The user-cost prices measure the interest foregone by owning the asset in question, instead of the higher, expected, benchmark rate, defined to be the rate of return on pure investment capital, providing no monetary services.

When their components are properly weighted, the broadest monetary aggregates (DM3, DM4-, and DM4) are almost always the best monetary aggregates, with DM4 commonly being the most useful of the three. As a result, this report focuses on the broadest, CFS Divisia aggregate (DM4). See W. A. Barnett, "The Optimal Level of Monetary Aggregation," *Journal of Money, Credit, and Banking*, November 1982. But we nevertheless provide the narrower CFS Divisia aggregates for comparison.

The CFS Divisia indexes in this release were developed by Professor William A. Barnett, based on his decades of work studying and refining Divisia measures of money supply, in accordance with the latest advances in economic measurement, modern economic aggregation theory, and state-of-the-art economic index-number theory. The Divisia formula for aggregating over imperfect substitutes was adapted for monetary and financial aggregation by W. A. Barnett in his seminal paper, "Economic Monetary Aggregates: An Application of Index Number and Aggregation Theory," *Journal of Econometrics*, September 1980, pp. 6-10. For more information about the history and methodology in this large literature, see http://www.centerforfinancialstability.org/amfm.php.

We consider the St. Louis Fed's MSI (monetary services index) Divisia aggregates to be an admirable and important contribution to public information, and we are indebted to the St. Louis Fed for helping us develop our Divisia monetary aggregates. Our narrowest Divisia monetary aggregates are similar to the St. Louis Fed's MSI Divisia aggregates, which are available only as narrow aggregates. However, we use a different benchmark interest-rate assumption, based on the recently introduced Bank of Israel formula. Since the Divisia quantity-index formula is relatively robust to the benchmark rate,

the CFS narrow Divisia quantity indexes can be expected usually to behave similarly to the St. Louis Fed's MSI Divisia aggregates; but the CFS and St. Louis Fed's corresponding user-cost price aggregates behave very differently. For more information about the St. Louis Fed's MSI, see http://research.stlouisfed.org/msi/ and http://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/release?rid=62&soid=4.

The broad Divisia monetary aggregates, DM3, DM4-, and DM4, are available only from the CFS, since no other source currently exists for broad Divisia monetary aggregates for the US.

⁶ Reprinted in W. A. Barnett and A. Serletis, *The Theory of Monetary Aggregation*, Elsevier, 2000, chapter 7, pp. 125-149. Also see W. A. Barnett, *Getting It Wrong: How Faulty Monetary Statistics Undermine the Fed, the Financial System, and the Economy*, MIT Press, 2012, section 4.4, pp. 143-144.

⁷ Reprinted in W. A. Barnett and A. Serletis, *The Theory of Monetary Aggregation*, chapter 2, pp. 11-48. Also see W. A. Barnett, *Getting It Wrong: How Faulty Monetary Statistics Undermine the Fed, the Financial System, and the Economy*, appendix A, pp. 159-215.



Bold • Innovative • Practical

CFS Divisia Resources on the Center for Financial Stability Site

See www.centerforfinancialstability.org/amfm.php for more information about the following topics:

- Introduction to Advances in Monetary and Financial Measurement (Divisia)
- Monetary Data for the US: including methodology, data sources, and key takeaway points
- International Advances in Monetary and Financial Measurement: Divisia and Fisher-ideal monetary aggregates for a vast number of countries throughout the world
- Library: Key articles and books regarding advances in monetary and financial measurement

About the Center for Financial Stability

The Center for Financial Stability is an independent, nonpartisan, and nonprofit think tank dedicated to financial markets for the benefit of investors, officials, and the public.

CFS balances the big picture and financial market mechanics; serves as a private sector check on government actions; integrates finance, law, and economics; and supplements research with a community of public officials, academics, and market participants.

The organization's website is www.centerforfinancialstability.org.

To Sign Up For Future Releases And Email Updates From The CFS

Go to http://centerforfinancialstability.org/updates.php.

For more information about CFS Divisia please contact:

William A. Barnett (Methodology) (212) 626-2660 <u>wbarnett@the-cfs.org</u>

Lawrence Goodman (Markets and Application) (212) 626-2660 <u>Igoodman@the-cfs.org</u>

CFS Divisia Team: Ryan Mattson (Research Associate), Liting Su (Research Associate), and Jeff van den Noort (Chief Technology Officer).

With appreciation to Steve Hanke, Special Counselor at the CFS, for introducing Bill Barnett to the CFS.

The Center for Financial Stability (CFS) is a private, nonprofit institution focusing on global finance and markets. Its research is nonpartisan. This publication reflects the judgments and recommendations of the author(s). They do not necessarily represent the views of members of the CFS Advisory Board or Trustees, whose involvement in no way should be interpreted as an endorsement of the report by either themselves or the organizations with which they are affiliated.

© Center for Financial Stability 2021. All rights reserved.